

Inquiries - Management

Name of Interviewee(s): Julie Flint (PCC CFO) & Sharon Clark (CC CFO)

Name of KPMG Interviewer(s): Jon Machej

Date(s) of Interview:

Required Inquiries

Category	Short Description	Detailed Description	Comments (optional)
Operations	REQUIRED Changes in the entity's business or environment including internal control	Have there been, or does the entity expect, any significant changes in its business or environment, including internal control?	There has been no change in the nature of the business or environment or internal control which would give rise to different transactions. From April 2017, the HQ is shared with Lincolnshire Fire & Rescue as part of the Bluelight Collaboration arrangements but this has not adversely impacted
			upon the business environment.



Category	Short Description	Detailed Description	Comments (optional)
Fraud	REQUIRED	How does management communicate its views about acceptable	Ethical behavior and acceptable business practices
	Communications to employees regarding	business practices and ethical behavior to employees?	are promoted through the PRIDE values –
	management's views on		Professionalism, Respect, Integrity, Dedication and
	business practices and ethical behavior		Empathy. The principles of PRIDE are well
			established and embedded within the organisation's
			practices. The Leadership and Staff Charters are
			seen as integral to how employees carry out their
			duties. The national Code of Ethics runs hand in
			hand with the PRIDE principles.
			PCC's are expected to adhere to the Nolan
			Committee's "Seven Principles of Public Life". The
			PCC also has a Code of Conduct and the OPCC
			has a Staff Code of Conduct in place.
			Police Officers receive initial training and further
			guidance through regular communications from the
			Professional Standards Department (PSD).
			Relevant staff are made aware of the PCC's
			Scheme of Arrangements, Financial, Contract &
			Procurement Regulations and the Scheme of
			Delegation.
			New entrants to the Force are required to undertake
			mandatory training on counter corruption through
			NCALT.



Category	Short Description	Detailed Description	Comments (optional)
Fraud	REQUIRED Programs and controls to prevent,	What programs and controls has management established to prevent, detect, deter and mitigate fraud?	There is an active programme of the management of
	detect and deter fraud -	detect, deter and miligate fraud?	fraud risks through meetings, appropriate policies,
	monitoring	How does management monitor these programs and controls?	internal controls, Internal Audit and the Professional
			Standards Department (PSD).
			The Vetting Unit identifies potential risks and
			operates controls to manage these, including staff
			training.
			Regular Anti Fraud & Corruption meetings with
			appropriate representation including Internal Audit
			provide the management overview of risks,
			emerging issues, relevant cases , best practice and
			actions for improvement.
			The Internal Audit annual work programme
			addresses potential fraudulent activities.
			Proactive anti-fraud and corruption work is
			undertaken by PSD. The Force operates a
			confidential "whistle blowing" web page ("Bad
			Apple") to support the detection and reporting of
			fraud. The organisation has complied with the
			CIPFA Code of Practice on Managing the risk of
			Fraud since 2015.
			Internal Audit review compliance with Financial &
			Procurement Regulations and report any instances
			of control weaknesses or poor practice to the Joint
			Independent Audit Committee.
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Category	Short Description	Detailed Description	Comments (optional)
Fraud	REQUIRED Monitoring	What is the nature and extent of management monitoring of operating	Proactive anti-fraud and corruption work is
	of operating locations or business segments for	locations or business segments for fraudulent activities, including fraudulent financial reporting?	undertaken by PSD and overseen by the PCC's
	fraudulent activities		professional Standards Governance meeting.
			Anti-Fraud and Corruption meetings provide
			management overview of risks and emerging issues.
			The Internal Audit annual work programme
			addresses potential fraudulent activities and
			financial controls and reporting.
Fraud	REQUIRED Monitoring	Are there particular operating locations or business segments for which	Evidence to date does not indicate that the risk of
	of operating locations or business segments with	a risk of fraud may be more likely to exist?	fraud is higher in particular locations or departments.
	risk of fraud		The PCC and CC Financial & Contract Regulations
			require notification to the relevant CFO of any matter
			involving irregularities concerning cash, stores or
			property.
			Procedures are in place limiting the value of cash or
			property which may be held at particular locations.



Category Short D	n Detailed Description	Short Description	Comments (optional)
Fraud REG Managem for iden	What process has been established to identify and respond to fraucess d	Short Description REQUIRED Management's process for identifying and responding to fraud risks	Comments (optional) A joint PCC / Force anti-fraud and corruption policy is in place which is regularly reviewed and considered by the Joint Independent Audit Committee (JIAC). This is reviewed annually by the OPCC Chief Executive in consultation with the CFO and Head of PSD. The OPCC also has a Confidential Reporting ("whistleblowing") policy. Proactive anti-fraud and corruption work is undertaken by the Force PSD and a confidential web page reporting system is in operation for reporting suspected misconduct or corrupt practices. The Information Management Unit (IMU) plays an important role in relation to IT security. The Force Security Officer's role includes formulating and ensuring compliance with the Force Information Security Strategy and with the requirements of the



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Fraud	REQUIRED	t's process management and those charged with governance regarding	The work of PSD is reported to the PCC's
	Management's process for identifying and		Professional Standards Governance Meeting.
	responding to fraud risks		Internal Audit is reported to JIAC.
	– communications between management		Regular liaison takes place between PSD and
	and those charged with governance		Internal Audit through the quarterly Anti-Fraud &
	governance		Corruption meetings.
			JIAC receives the PCC and CC's Annual
			Governance Statements (AGS), which are approved
			by the PCC, Chief Executive and Chief Constable.
			A Code of Corporate Governance is in place for
			each body and is reviewed by JIAC annually.
			JIAC also receives and considers both Internal and
			External Audit plans and reports and scrutinizes the
			annual financial statements.
Fraud	REQUIRED Actual,	Are you aware of, or have you identified, any instances of actual,	There have been no instances of fraud in the last
	suspected or alleged instances of fraud		financial year that we are aware of. PSD have
		the instances been appropriately addressed and how have they been	confirmed that they have no recorded cases of
		addressed?	Fraud Investigations.



Category	Short Description	Detailed Description	Comments (optional)
Fraud	REQUIRED	How does management assess the risks that the financial statements	There is a system of controls in place to ensure that
	Management's assessment of fraud	may be materially misstated due to fraud?	expenditure is properly authorised and recorded
	risks, including the	What fraud risks have been identified?	accurately in the financial accounts.
	nature, extent and frequency of such	What is the nature, extent, and frequency of such assessment?	Accounting – the form of the financial accounts and
	assessment	what is the hature, extent, and frequency of such assessment:	the accounting processes are agreed by the CFO's.
		What is the entity's response to identified fraud risks, including controls to mitigate the risks?	Control accounts are subject to regular reconciliation
		to magate the note:	and journal entries are restricted.
			Orders & Payments – access is controlled through
			formal delegations. Financial, Contract &
			Procurement Regulations are in place.
			Income and Expenditure – each area has a named
			budget holder who is responsible for the
			income/expenditure. The Chief Officer Group and
			Resources Governance Committee receive monthly
			financial monitoring reports.
			Statement of Accounts – year end reconciliations are
			carried out. Both CFOs undertake a detailed scrutiny
			of the accounts prior to and following external audit.
			JIAC also scrutinises the SOA The PCC and CC
			approve their individual accounts for publication.



Category	Short Description	Detailed Description	Comments (optional)
Going concern	REQUIRED Identified events or conditions (and related business risks) that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the	Are there any events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern during the period of assessment used by management or after such period? If so, what are management's plans to address them? (Note: the period of management's assessment shall be at least, but not limited to, twelve months from the date of the financial statements	There have been no issues arising relating to the funding of the organisation as a whole, its assets or potential liabilities which would cast doubt on its status as a going concern.
	entity's ability to continue as a going concern	being audited, or a longer period of time if required by the applicable financial reporting framework, by law or regulation or by auditing standards)	
Going concern	REQUIRED Management's assessment of the entity's ability to continue as a going	Has management made an assessment of the entity's ability to continue as a going concern? If so, what is management's assessment of the entity's ability to continue as a going concern?	The PCC and CC have made an assessment of the organisation's ability to continue as a going concern. The Medium Term Financial Plan contains plans for
	concern	If not, what is management's basis for the intended use of the going concern basis of accounting?	a prudent minimum level of reserves to cover contingencies. However, given it is now unlikely that the formula funding review will be completed in the MTFP period there are budget gaps identified from
			2019/20 onwards. The Force are currently working on plans to bridge the gaps and may look back on the Priority Base Budgeting exercise done in
			2016/17 to identify potential savings which could be implemented should the need arise. Management therefore considers that the
			organisation can currently continue as a going concern.



Category	Short Description	Detailed Description	Comments (optional)
Laws and regulations	REQUIRED Legal and regulatory frameworks	What legal and regulatory frameworks are applicable to the entity?	Financial, Contract & Procurement Regulations form
	applicable to the entity		part of the system of internal control reviewed by
			Internal Audit and reported to JIAC.
			Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Constabulary & Fire &
			Rescue Services (HMICFRS) conducts independent
			assessments of police forces and policing activities
			in the public interest.
			HMICFRS's inspection programme includes
			elements relating to compliance with legal and
			regulatory frameworks where appropriate. Final
			reports are provided to the PCC and the Chief
			Constable and are published in the public domain
			(unless containing Official information).
Laws and regulations	REQUIRED Laws and	What laws and regulations have a direct effect on the determination of	The Statements of Account for both the PCC and
	regulations that have a direct effect on material	material amounts or disclosures in the financial statements?	CC are prepared in accordance with the statutory
	amounts or disclosures in the financial		framework established for England by the Accounts
	statements		and Audit Regulations 2015. This means that the
			SOA's are prepared in accordance with The Code of
			Practice on Local Authority Accounting and the
			Service Reporting Code of Practice (SeRCOP) in
			compliance with International Financial reporting
			Standards (IFRS).
			The materiality threshold adopted by the PCC and
			the CC is 0.1% of gross revenue expenditure as
			reviewed by JIAC.



Category	Short Description	Detailed Description	Comments (optional)
Laws and regulations	REQUIRED Compliance	How is the entity complying with the legal and regulatory framework?	Financial, Contract & Procurement Regulations form
	with legal and regulatory framework		part of the system of internal control reviewed by
			Internal Audit and reported to JIAC.
			Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Constabulary and Fire
			& Rescue Services (HMICFRS) conducts
			independent assessments of police forces and
			policing activities in the public interest.
			HMIC's inspection programme includes elements
			relating to compliance with legal and regulatory
			frameworks where appropriate. Final reports are
			provided to the PCC and the Chief Constable and
			are published in the public domain (unless
			containing Official information).
Laws and regulations	REQUIRED Compliance	Are there directives issued by the entity or periodic representations	Routine Orders are issued on a weekly basis, and
	with legal and regulatory framework - directives or	s or authority, concerning compliance with laws and regulations?	other matters are communicated Force-wide by
	periodic representations		email.
			Evidence of compliance with laws and regulations is
			routine within the business of policing. The Annual
			Governance Statements of the PCC and CC include
			review of legal and regulatory compliance.



Category	Short Description	Detailed Description	Comments (optional)
Laws and regulations	REQUIRED Prevention of non-compliance with	What policies, procedures, and controls has management established to prevent instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations,	The PCC Constitution and Scheme of Arrangements
	laws and regulations	including illegal acts?	for the discharge of functions including the Scheme
			of Consent, Delegations to Officers, Financial,
			Procurement and Contract Regulations provide the
			framework for governance arrangements.
			The Monitoring Officer is responsible, after
			consultation, for reporting to the PCC any proposal,
			decision or omission which would be unlawful.
			Legal implications are included in reports to the
			PCC/CC to ensure compliance. Financial
			consequences are also included in PCC/CC reports.
			The PCC and Force operate a strong system of
			internal control, which is subject to regular
			compliance review by Internal Audit.
			The PCC and Force have a robust Risk
			Management Strategy which assesses and monitors
			key risks and mitigations.
Laws and regulations	REQUIRED Compliance	Is the entity in compliance with laws and regulations?	The PCC and Chief Constable ensure compliance
	with laws and regulations	(Where appropriate, inquire of those charged with governance.)	through the procedures and controls described
		(Whisto appropriate, inquire of alooe onal god wan governance.)	previously.
			Specialist legal advice is provided by the East
			Midlands Police Legal Services (EMPLS)
			collaboration across the five East Midlands forces.
			EMPLS alert forces to changes in legislative and
			regulatory frameworks.



Category	Short Description	Detailed Description	Comments (optional)
Litigation, claims and assessments	REQUIRED Identifying and addressing litigation, claims and assessments	What policies, procedures and controls has management established for identifying, evaluating, accounting for and disclosing litigation, claims and assessments?	The PCC and Force have an established system for reporting, assessing and conducting litigation claims. EMPLS provide all legal advice. The Deputy Chief Constable is the nominated lead for the Force and protocols have been established for the reporting and commissioning of actions to be taken. Claims in relation to third parties, employment and vehicles are monitored in conjunction with insurers and brokers through quarterly meetings. This enables the estimation of year end provisions and
Litigation, claims and assessments	REQUIRED Identified litigation and claims	Is the entity involved in any litigation, claims or assessments (including those defended by insurance companies)? - What is management's assessment of such matters? - Which litigation, claims and assessments involving the entity may have a material effect on the financial statements and/ or may require disclosure in the financial statements?	reserves. Contingent liabilities, including those arising from litigation or insurance claims, are included within the notes to the SOA. Provision is made where the obligation to transfer economic benefits seems likely at the Balance Sheet date. A reserve is set on each claim based on the estimated value of the claim if successful. This information is provided to the Finance team to inform the calculation of the provisions required.



Category	Short Description	Detailed Description	Comments (optional)
Related parties	REQUIRED Policies	What are the processes and controls that management has established	The notes to the SOA includes a disclosure note
	procedures and controls	to: a. identify, account for, and disclose related party relationships and related party transactions	explaining the extent and nature of related party
		b. authorise and approve significant transactions and arrangements with related parties	The PCC and chief officers have completed a
			related party transaction declaration in respect of
			themselves and close family members.



Category	Short Description	Detailed Description	Comments (optional)
Related parties	REQUIRED Identified related parties, including any changes from the prior period and the nature of the relationships	Who are the entity's related parties? Are there any changes in related parties from the prior period? - If there are related parties, what is the nature of the relationship, including ownership structure, between the entity and each related party?	For the organisation as a whole, government
			agencies and public sector bodies are related
			parties. Central government has effective control
			over operations through funding allocation. Grants
			are also received from Lincolnshire County Council
			and connected through collaboration projects such
			the Blue Light project. The organisation also has
			material transactions with district councils through
			Council Tax.
			The Strategic Partnership contract with G4S Govt &
			Outsourcing is sufficiently material to make them a
			related party.
			Family and friends and associated companies of key
			management personnel are also related parties. Key
			management personnel would include chief officers,
			and all other persons with responsibility for planning,
			directing and controlling the activities of the
			organisation. Disclosure will be made in the notes to
			the SOA of any related party transactions, however,
			none are expected.
Related parties	REQUIRED Identified	Have there been any transactions with the identified related parties	The required disclosure will be made in the notes to
	transactions with related parties	during the period, including with management or those charged with governance?	the SOA for 2017/18 of related party transactions.
		 If so, who are the parties, what are the transactions and what is the business rationale or purpose for the transactions? 	None identified to date.



Category	Short Description	Detailed Description	Comments (optional)
Estimate	REQUIRED Estimates - changes in circumstances	Have there been changes in circumstances that may give rise to new or the need to revise existing accounting estimates? Note: the following are examples of changes in circumstances that may	There has been no change in the nature of the
			business which would give rise to changes in
		give rise to new or the need to revise existing accounting estimates:	existing accounting estimates.
		- the entity engaged in new types of transactions that may give rise to accounting estimates	Material transactions between the PCC and the
		- the terms of transactions that give rise to accounting estimates	strategic partner G4S continue to be reported under
		changed - accounting policies relating to accounting estimates changed as a	the existing accounting policies and estimates.
		result of changes within the requirements of the applicable financial reporting framework or otherwise - regulatory or other changes outside the control of management	IAS 19 details the accounting requirements for
			reporting the cost of retirement benefits in the
		occurred that may require management to revise or make new	financial statements. The appointed actuary uses a
		accounting estimates - new conditions or events occurred that may give rise to the need for	detailed set of assumptions to make the best
		new or revised accounting estimates	estimate of the future cash flows arising under
			scheme liabilities. The assumptions are reviewed by
			the CFO's and scrutinised by the Joint Independent
			Audit Committee (JIAC).
Accounting Policies	REQUIRED Compliance of accounting policies/	Are there any accounting policies / practices used by the entity in preparing its (consolidated) financial statements that are not:	The accounting policies are reviewed annually by
	practices	- in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework	both CFO's and scrutinised by JIAC.
		 appropriate for its business consistent with accounting policies used in the entity's industry? 	No concerns have been identified.
Significant unusual	REQUIRED SUTs - existence	Has the entity entered into any significant unusual transactions?	The system of controls in place for both revenue and
transaction			capital expenditure and the procurement and
			payments system checks and balances ensure that
			significant or unusual transactions are brought to the
			attention of management.
			No significant or unusual transactions have been
			identified.



Category	Short Description	Detailed Description	Comments (optional)
Significant unusual transaction	REQUIRED SUTs - controls	What are the controls that management has established to authorize and approve significant unusual transactions?	The Scheme of Arrangements including the Scheme
			of Delegation and Financial & Contract Regulations
			provide the basis for the controls for authorisng and
			approving transactions. Under these arrangements,
			limits are in place which ensures that breaches of
			threshold levels will be reported so that the relevant
			approvals can be given at PCC/CC level on advice
			from the CFO's.